

Enter the following data into a text file; choose a name for it, say, reading.txt, and store it in a folder which is to be the working directory of R:

speed	comp
5	60
7	76
15	76
12	90
8	81
7	75
10	95
11	98
9	88
13	73
10	90
6	66
11	91
8	83
10	100
8	85
7	76
6	69
11	91
8	78

Enter, save, and run the following R "script" in the R editor:

```
# R program to enter data and calculate summary
# statistics and exploratory plots. Data are from
# exercise 5.38, p. 281. The two variables are
# reading test scores (speed: reading speed, comp:
# reading (comprehension) for incoming high school
# freshmen.

# Import the data into an R "data frame" named "Reading".
# The text file "reading.txt" should be in the working
# directory of R. Change the working directory using the
# menu in the R console (File menu). The argument
# "header=TRUE" indicates that the first line of the data
# file contains variable names. The "attach()" command
# makes the variable names available for referencing the
# data vectors. Otherwise they must be referred to as
# Reading$speed, etc.

Reading=read.table("reading.txt", header=TRUE)
attach(Reading)

#=====
# PART 1. SPEED
#=====

# Summary stats for the variable "speed".
summary(speed)
mean(speed)
var(speed)
sd(speed)
stem(speed)

# Plots for the variable "speed".
layout(matrix(1:4, nrow=2, ncol =2)) # Four panels (2 rows 2 cols).
hist(speed, main="histogram") # R inserts panels by columns.
boxplot(speed, ylab="speed", main="boxplot") # Row 2, col 1.
stripchart(speed, method="stack", xlab="speed",
```

```

mai n="stri pchart", pch=1, cex=2)          # Row 1, col 2.
qqnorm(speed, mai n="normal q-q plot")      # Row 2, col 2.

#=====
# PART 2. COMP
#=====

# Summary stats for the variable "comp".
summary(comp)
mean(comp)
var(comp)
sd(comp)
stem(comp)

# Plots for the variable "comp".
X11() # Opens a new graphics window.
layout(matrix(1:4, nrow=2, ncol =2))
hist(comp, mai n="histogram")
boxplot(comp, ylab="comp", mai n="boxplot")
stri pchart(comp, method="stack", xl ab="comp", mai n="stri pchart", pch=1, cex=2)
qqnorm(comp, mai n="normal q-q plot")

#=====
# PART 3. BIVARIATE
#=====

# Scatterplot of comp (vertical axis) versus speed (horizontal axis)
X11() # Opens a new graphics window.
plot(speed, comp, type="p")
detach(Readi ng)

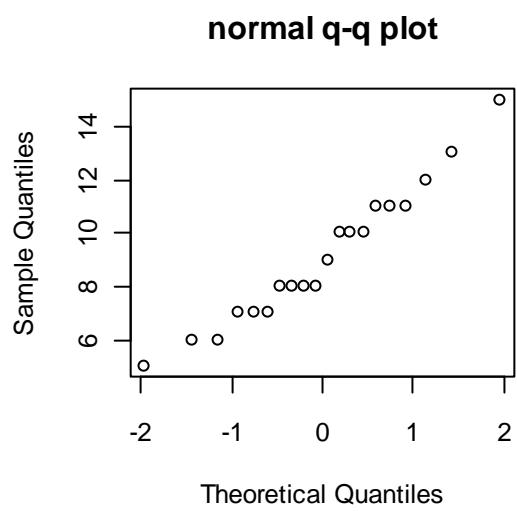
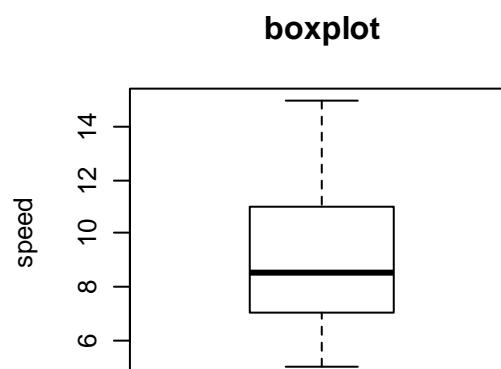
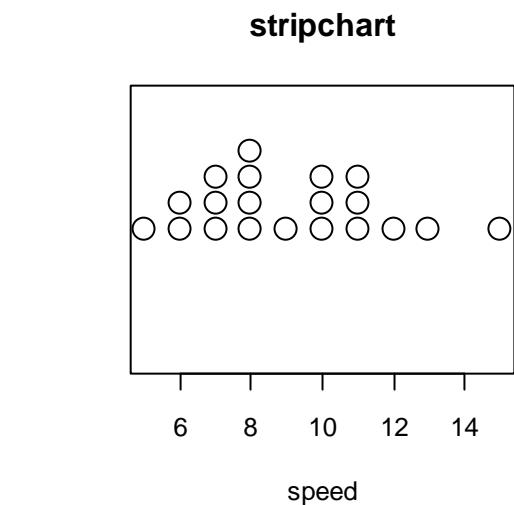
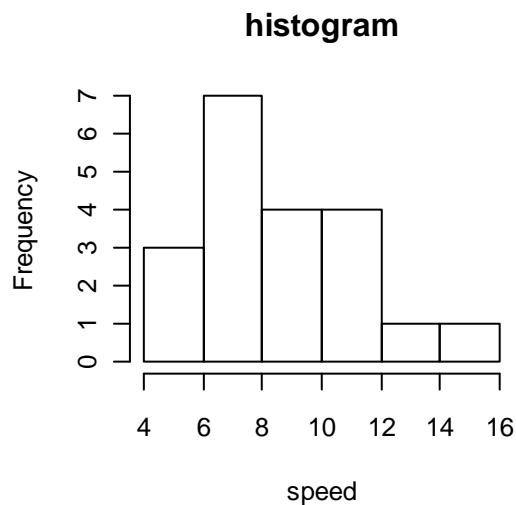
```

Results of Part 1:

```
> summary(speed)
   Min. 1st Qu. Median   Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
   5.0    7.0    8.5    9.1   11.0   15.0
> mean(speed)
[1] 9.1
> var(speed)
[1] 6.621053
> sd(speed)
[1] 2.573141
> stem(speed)
```

The decimal point is 1 digit(s) to the right of the |

0	56677788889
1	00011123
1	5

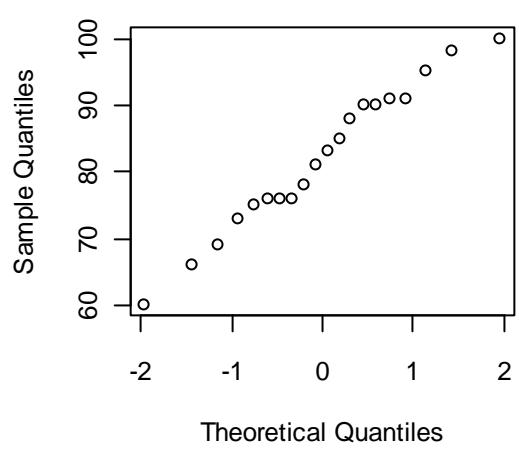
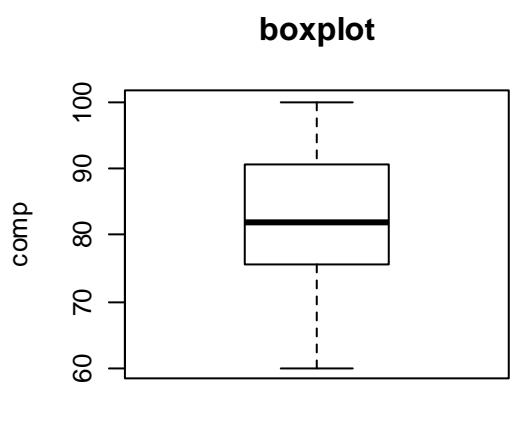
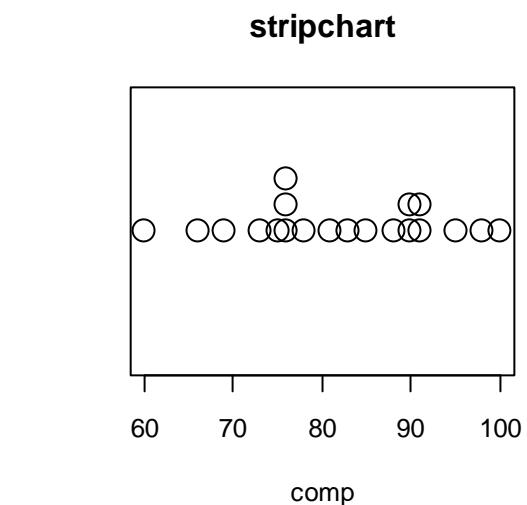
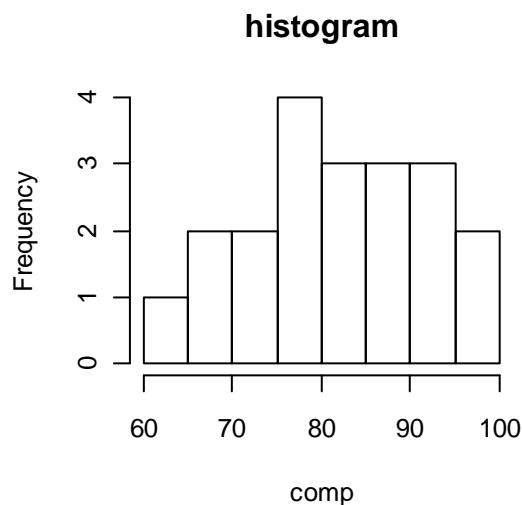


Results of Part 2:

```
> summary(comp)
   Min. 1st Qu. Median   Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
60.00    75.75   82.00   82.05  90.25 100.00
> mean(comp)
[1] 82.05
> var(comp)
[1] 118.3658
> sd(comp)
[1] 10.87960
> stem(comp)
```

The decimal point is 1 digit(s) to the right of the |

6	069
7	356668
8	1358
9	001158
10	0



Results of Part 3:

